

The Daily Gazetteer:

NUMB. 782

THURSDAY, JANUARY 5. 1738.

91° 790

Yesterday arrived the Mail due from Holland, with the following Account of the most remarkable Transactions in Persia, during the Year past.



TOWARDS the Conclusion of the Year 1736, the Schach Nadir, whom we shall for the future call by his old Name of Kouli Kan, march'd with a good Army to reduce the Province of Candahar, and to oblige the Inhabitants to own him as King of Persia; of which the City of Candahar is one of the strongest Towns, as well as the Capital of Candahar. Hussein Kan, the Son of the famous Miriweis, who had taken the Title of King of Candahar, commanded in it; and there was a very numerous Garrison.

The latter being inform'd of Kouli Kan's March, went with most of his Troops to meet him, and was reinforce'd on the Road by other Malecontents, so that his Army consisted of 60,000 Men. The Van-Guards of each Army met in January, upon which Occasion there were several Skirmishes; but Hussein Kan not being able to hinder Kouli Kan from advancing with his Army, he retired to Candahar, after having left some Troops behind a River to dispute the Persians Passage. Kouli Kan however passed that River in spite of the Forces from Candahar, and continued his March towards the Capital of that Name. When he was a little Distance from thence, he met an Army of 30,000 Men of Hussein Kan's best Troops, which the latter had sent out of the City under the Command of Seydal Kan. Kouli Kan attack'd them, and after a very obstinate Fight, he obliged them to retire into the City with the Loss of above 1500 Men.

About the End of March, Kouli Kan invested Candahar, and besieged it in Form, but to no Purpose; because the Town standing upon an Eminence, his Artillery and Bombs did no Execution, which obliged Kouli Kan to change the Siege into a Blockade, in hopes of reducing the Place by Famine. During that time he detach'd Troops to conquer the rest of the Province, which is one of the best in Persia. Every Place submitted to the Arms of Kouli Kan, except the City of Candahar. Hussein Kan perceiving that at last he should be obliged to surrender for want of Provisions, sent a Deputy to propose to Kouli Kan, that if he would retire with his Army to the Province of Herat, he would submit to his Power, and own him for his Sovereign; but Kouli Kan refusing to consent to it, the Siege was renewed with great Vigour. The Besieged made several Sallies, particularly one in the Beginning of August, with the greatest Part of their Troops, which was a very brisk one, and the Battle continued all Day. The Persians were put into Confusion at first, and had it not been for Kouli Kan, who went himself at the Head of the Troops into the thickest of the Battle, 'tis probable they would have been beat. But the Besieged were at last obliged to retire into the Town, with very great Loss; that of the Persians amounted to above 2000 Men.

During the Siege, Kouli Kan received an Embassy in his Camp from the Great Mogul, who sent him very fine Presents; but Kouli Kan sent them back again in a few Days, with Orders to make the two following Proposals to their Master. 1. To send back to Persia the Descendants of a Body of 12000 Men, whom the Sophi Thamas I. sent about 200 Years ago to the Assistance of Majun the then Mogul, who forced 'em to settle in his Dominions: And, 2dly, to pay all the Charges that shall be incurred upon this Occasion. Kouli Kan afterwards sent an Ambassador to the Great Mogul to back the said Proposals, and to declare to him, that if he refused to comply with them, he would make War upon him. Mean time while Kouli Kan waits for the Answer, he is actually making Preparations for this Expedition. The City of Candahar is Ten Days Journey from Cabal, which is a City upon the Frontier of the Indies, from whence 'tis com-

puted to be 40 Days Journey to the Residence of the Great Mogul.

Abdul Bagy Kan, whom Kouli Kan had sent to Constantinople, returned to Isphahan the 20th of July, 1737: accompanied by an Ambassador of Persia, named Utich Tuglu Mustapha. Great Honours were immediately paid to this Ottoman Minister: He was lodg'd in one of the finest Wards of the City, and defray'd with his whole Retinue, which was very numerous, at the Expence of Kouli Kan; and the Persian Nobility of the greatest Distinction, went to compliment him on his happy Arrival; but these Honours were of a short Duration; for soon after this, all the Avenues leading to his Quarters were shut up, and only two Gates left open, at which a Guard was plac'd of 50 Men. None of the Ambassador's Domesticks were suffer'd to go out of his Quarters without a Permit from the Master of the House; and if any one desired to come into the City, for Reasons which were judg'd to be of Importance, a Guard was put upon him; nor had the Ambassador himself any more Regard paid to him; for this Minister having a Desire to see Kouli Kan's Gardens and Palace, and having for that Purpose applied to Abdul Bagy Kan, the latter gave him to understand, that as he had not yet had the Honour of seeing that Prince, he could not till then see any of his Palaces; adding withal, that the Turks in Persia, would be treated in the same Manner as the Persians were us'd at Constantinople, till fresh Orders came upon that Head from Kouli Kan. The Courier that was expected from him at length arrived, and brought Dispatches, importing, that Kouli Kan had seen the Memorials which Abdul Bagy Kan, and the Ambassador of the Porte, had sent to him; and that at his Return to Isphahan, where he hop'd to be after his Expedition to Candahar was over, he would hear what the Ottoman Minister had to propose. Abdul Bagy Kan declares, in the mean time, that during his Embassy to Constantinople, he concluded no Peace with the Porte, and that he had no Authority for that Purpose, his Commission being only to receive the Proposals of the Grand Seigneur's Ministers; and that his Highness had sent an Ambassador to Persia to negotiate a Peace, but that 'twas a Question whether Kouli Kan will consent to it without the Concurrence of Russia.

In the Month of August the Governor of Isphahan received an Express from Kouli Kan, with News, that the Prince Irfa Kuly Myrra, his eldest Son, had made himself Master of several Towns in the Province of Bacharay, and with Orders to cause Bonfires to be made upon this Occasion throughout the whole City, which had been performed for three Days successively. The Governor immediately caused this News to be imparted to the Russian Resident, by giving him the very Copy of the Relation that he had received of it, as a Mark of the sincere and constant Friendship subsisting between the two Empires of Russia and Persia.

The Relation imported in Substance, viz.

That the Prince Irfa Kuly Myrra, after having subdued the Nations of the Orschenski, was march'd towards the Province of Bucharay, where he immediately seized the Towns of Abdahab, Schawaduga, Achtsche, &c. That then turning towards Balcke, he laid Siege to it, after having put 3000 Men to Flight that came out of the Town to oppose his Passage; that the Garrison, after a vigorous Defence for several Days, surrender'd at last by Composition; and that after the Taking of it, the Nation of the Kapchaki came to make their Submission; and that then the Prince march'd with his Troops to besiege the City of Kundus.

The other Advices by this Mail are, that the Marriage of the King Don Carlos, with the Princess Royal of Poland, was declared at the Court of Dresden on the 19th ult. O. S. That the Duke of Berwick is going Ambassador Extraordinary from Spain to Naples; that General Daxar will quit the Emperor's Service to retire to Switzerland; that some other Foreign Generals are likewise thinking to quit

his Imperial Majesty's Service; and that the Count de Traun, Governor General of the Dutchy of Milan, has obtained a Patent from Vienna, to continue him in that Post for three Years longer.

IRELAND.

Dublin, Dec. 27. Last Friday the Right Hon. the Earl of Anglesea, set out with a large Retinue for his Seat at Camolin Park in the County of Wexford: His Lordship was in a Chaise Marine drawn by Six Spanish Horses, and attended by a Number of Gentlemen, Tradesmen, and Tenants of this City, with the high Esteem of Men of Worth and Merit, the Blessings of Tradesmen, and the Prayers of the Poor. His Lordship was received on the Bounds by the Gentlemen of the County, and by his Lordship's Tenants, with their usual Gratitude and Gladness.

Last Saturday Morning about two o'Clock, there happen'd a Quarrel between James Wynne, Esq; Member of Parliament for the County of Sligo, and Mr. Taaffe; the former ran Mr. Taaffe through the Lungs: He was in a very dangerous Way all Saturday and Sunday, but is now in a fair Way of Recovery.

Saturday both Houses of Parliament adjourn'd till Thursday next.

Yesterday his Grace the Lord Lieutenant, his Dutchess, and Lady Caroline Cavendish, went to Castletown, the Seat of the Right Hon. William Conolly, Esq; for a few Days.

We hear from Six-mile Bridge, in the County of Clare, that the Rev. Mr. John Stephens, Curate of that Parish, was married last Thursday to Miss Alice Ward, a Lady of great Beauty and Fortune.

Yesterday died at his Lodgings in the Post Office Yard, Mr. Hugh M'Camon, a noted Squiff Merchant, who was remarkable for his Innocence, Honesty and good Behaviour.

We hear from Cork, that Capt. Cummins, an eminent Merchant of that City, died last Friday. There was a violent Storm and continual Rain there all last Week.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Gloucester, Dec. 31. Last Tuesday about Five in the Evening, Farmer Peck of Bampton returning from Farrington Market, after he had passed Ratcot-Bridge, his Horse would go no further on Account of the Ice, but starting back, rear'd up, and threw the Farmer into the Brook, whereby he was drowned.

Northampton, Jan. 2. We hear from Somersham in Huntingdonshire, that on Saturday Night the 17th past, the Great Bell was toll'd there six Hours, and afterwards a Dumb Peal of 3000 Changes was rung, on Account of the Interment of our late most Gracious Queen Caroline.

HOME PORTS.

Liverpool, Dec. 31. Arrived the Dispatch, Boon, from Malaga; the Stannage, Hill, from Virginia.

Falmouth, Dec. 29. Since my last put back the King George, Uring, and sailed Yesterday for Lisbon; and this Day sailed the Eagle Packet, Masterman, for the Groyne. Arrived the Expedition, Clies, from Naples; the Lovely Peggy, Graves, from Gibraltar. All the Outward bound are failed. Several Ships coming in, not known. Remain the Hanover Packet, Osborn, for Lisbon, and the Town shend for the Groyne.

Plymouth, Jan. 1. Came in the Seaflower, of an? for this Port from Denia, Robinson; the George, of and from Hull for Lisbon, Norman; the Jane, of and for London from Certe; the Adam and Sarah of Pool, from Seville for Rotterdam, Pracott; the Dispatch, Foot, of and for London from Alicant; the John and Ann, of and for this Port, Sherly, from Philadelphia; the Sarah of this Port from Cape de Verds, Avent, for Holland, but can't proceed, being very Leaky by bad Weather; the Rachel of London, Burris, for Falmouth from Lisbon; the Mackrell of Whiby, Carnaby, from Offend for Leghorn; the Richard and Jane of this Port, from Madeira for Holland, Juniao; the Richard and Hannah, Smith, for Fowey.

Dartmouth,

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Dartmouth, Jan. 1. Yesterday sailed the Charming Salley, Guttridge, of Dover from St Ubes; and the Hales from Leghorn, Merritt, both for London. Arrived the Two Bachelors, Dixon; the Lowerweck, Gely, both of this Place from Lisbon and Algrave, of London from Faro for Rotterdam. The 30th past at Night a Dutch Ship from Bourdeaux run against the Bolt, and broke to Pieces, and all the Crew drowned except one Man; some of the Cargo drove to Sea, and some was flaved against the Rocks.

Pool, Jan. 2. Since my last came in the Endeavour for this Port, Smith; the John, Faulkner; and the Townsend, Durell, all from Cadiz; the Benjamin, Bailey, from Alicant.

Portsmouth, Jan. 3. On the 1st. came in the Joseph and Elizabeth, Williams, from the Cape de Verd Islands for London; the Fountain, Fleck, from Danzig for Portsmouth: On the 2d, the Happy Return, Gilliam, from Cork for Diep; the Meyenberg, Everaars; and the Green Eaver, Muller, both from Middleburgh for Baravia. Came in the John and Jane, Edwards, from Cadiz in Ballast.

Deal, Jan. 3. Wind S. W. blows hard. In the Downs the London, Dayer; the Parnassus, Johnson, for Jamaica; the St John, Forster, for Holland. Came down the Prince of Orange, Peddy; the Adventure, Stevens, for St. Christopher's; the Gale Frigate, Blackburn, for Jamaica; the John, Seabrook; the Charming Salley, Finch, for Maryland. Arrived the Eagle, Millegan, from Cadiz; the Halifax, Proctor; the Stanford Mahone, Stamper, from Malaga; the Albany, Briant, from New England.

L O N D O N .

Yesterday was held a Board of Admiralty, when their Lordships ordered 50 superannuated Seamen, worn out in the Service of the Crown, into the Pension of Greenwich Hospital, which completed the Complement of 1000 Men in the said Hospital.

The same Morning the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty received Advice of the Death of Commodore Bridges, Commodore of his Majesty's Fleet in the West Indies.

Capt. Fox, who went out Commander of the Drake Sloop, hath taken upon him the Command of the said Squadron.

Last Night the Corpse of Jacob Jacobs, Esq; late Partner with William Gibson, Esq; a noted Money Scrivener of this City, was interred in great Funeral Pomp and Solemnity at Hackney.

We hear that Major Battine of Sussex, has been offered Five Thousand Pounds for the Silver Cistern which he got in Mr. Jernegan's Sale.

On Monday next being the Anniversary of the Birth-day of Don Carlos, Infante of Spain, and King of Naples and Sicily (who was born in 1716) his Excellency Don Thomas Geraldino, Minister Plenipotentiary from the Court of Spain, will give a magnificent Entertainment to several Persons of Distinction at his House in Soho Square.

Yesterday a Strangler was brought under a strong Guard to Newgate.

This Day begins the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the City and Liberty of Westminster at Westminster Hall.

And on Monday next at Guildhall, Tuesday at Hicks's Hall, and on Friday at the Old Bailey.

Yesterday Morning died, at his House in Great George-street, William Bladen, Esq; a Gentleman possessed of a plentiful Estate in the County of Sussex.

This Day, his Majesty in Council, will nominate the Sheriffs for the Year ensuing.

At the same Time the Report of the Malefactors under Sentence of Death in Newgate, will be made to his Majesty in Council.

Yesterday her Royal Highness the Princess Amelia took the Air on Horse back in Hyde Park.

The same Day the Right Hon. the Lord and Lady Gallway arrived in Town from Ireland.

Yesterday the Right Hon. the Earl of Godolphin set out for his Seat near Newmarket.

The Man and Maid Servants at the Pine-Apple in New-street, Covent Garden, are missing, and are either gone off or burnt.

Bank Stock 142 3-8ths. India 177 for the Opening. South Sea 101 1-half for Ditto. Old Annuity 110 1-4th. New ditto 110 1-half for the Opening. Three per Cent. 106 3-4ths for Ditto. 7 per Cent Loan 114. 5 per Cent. ditto 99. Royal Assurance 111. London Assurance 14 3-4ths to 5-8ths. African 14. India Bonds 61. 16 s. Prem. South Sea ditto, 31. Prem. New Bank Circulation 17 s. 6d. Prem. Salt Talties 1 to 4 Prem. English

Copper 21. 15 s. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 7 per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 2 5-8ths per Cent. Premium. Million Bank 123.

December 6, 1737.

THE Principal Officers of his Majesty's Ordnance do hereby give Notice, That on Tuesday, the 10th of January next, at Ten o'Clock in the Morning, they will be ready to sell by Auction to the best Bidder, at the Office of Ordnance in the Tower, several Parcels of Rope, Parchment, and Paper Cartridges, Buff Belts, Dragg Ropes, Iron Chains, Muskets, Bayonets, Carbines, Pistols, Swords, a Surgeon's Chest with Medicines, and other old and unserviceable Stores, which may be viewed till the Time of Sale at the said Office, where printed Lists of the Lots will be delivered to such as call for them.

On Monday the 23d of this Instant January will be published,

The Third and Fourth VOLUMES, of
THE MEMOIRS of CHARLES LEWIS
Baron de POLLENITZ.

Being the
Observations he made in his late TRAVELS through
Poland, Saxony, Brandenburg, Hanover, Mentz, Cologn, Bohemia, Austria, Bavaria, The Palatinate, Alsace, Tyrol, Trent, Venice, Rome, Tuscany, Genoa, Piedmont, Savoy, Spain, France, Flanders, Holland, England, &c.

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The Two first VOLUMES.

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setting out for his Journey,

A Collection of Welsh Travels and Memoirs of Wales: Containing,

I. The Briton describ'd, or a Journey thro' Wales; being a pleasant Relation of D—n—s's Journey to that ancient Kingdom, and remarkable Passages that occur'd on the Way. Also many choice Observations, and notable Commemorations, concerning the State and Condition, the Nature, Humours, Manners, Customs, and mighty Actions of that Country and People.

II. A Trip to North Wales, by a Barrister of the Temple.

III. A Funeral Sermon, preach'd by the Parson of Langwillin. With many other Particulars too long to mention.

The Whole collected by J. T., a mighty Lover of Welsh Travels. Printed for and sold by J. TORBUCK, in Clare Court near Drury-Lane, and also by most Bookellers and Pamphlet Shops in England and Wales.

Where may be had,
Sir Thomas Brown's Religio Medici; or, The Religion of a Physician. The 11th Edition, with his Life and Notes. Price 2 s. 6d.

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2. The Christians best Exercise. Together with Prayers suitable to the Subject. To which is added, A Letter to a Person of Quality, concerning the Holy Lives of the Primitive Christians. The 6th Edit. pr. 4 s. 6d.

3. The Crucified Jesus; or, A full Account of the Nature, End, Design, and Benefit of the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper. With necessary Directions, Prayers, and Meditations, to be used by Persons who come to the Holy Communion. The 7th Edit. pr. 5 s.

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Of whom also may be had,
The HISTORY of Japan. Giving an Account of the ancient and present State and Government of that Empire, of its Temples, Palaces, Castles, and other Buildings of its Metals, Minerals, Trees, Plants, Animals, Birds, and Fishes; of the Chronology, and Succession of the Emperors Ecclesiastical and Secular; of the Original, Descent, Religion, Customs, and Manufactures of the Natives, and of their Trade and Commerce with the Dutch and Chinese: Together with a Description of the Kingdom of Siam. Written in High Dutch by ERNESTUS KAMPER, M. D. Physician to the Dutch Embassy to the Emperor's Court, and translated from his original Manuscript, never before printed, by J. G. SCHEUCHZERN, F. R. S. and Member of the College of Physicians in London, with the Life of the Author, and an Introduction. To which is added, Part of a Journal of a Voyage to Japan, by the English, in the Year 1693. Illustrated with many Copper Plates. In Two Volumes in Folio.

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